World Studies Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**CH. 10 SEC. 4--NATION BUILDING IN LATIN AMERICA**

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| *Students will be able to: 1) draw conclusions about the influence of the American & French Revolutions on Latin America;*  *2) compare & contrast the ways in which Latin American countries gained their independence.* |

**Directions**: *Use Ch. 10 Sec. 4 (pg. 192-195) of your textbook to complete the terms and chart below*.

**Terms—define the following:**

1. creole – *European descendants born/living in L.A.*

2. peninsulare – *Iberian Peninsula native who used L.A. for pol./econ. Gain before returning to Europe*

3. mestizo – *mixed European and N.A. descent*

4. caudillo – *strong leader who ruled by military force*

5. cash crop – *crop grown to sell*

**Answer**

1. How were nationalist revolts in Latin America influenced by the American Revolution?

*- inspired/motivated by the ideas/success*

2. How were nationalist revolts in Latin America influenced by the French Revolution?

*- given the opportunity b/c of Napoleon’s wars (unstable Spanish/Portuguese governments)*

3. What was the Monroe Doctrine?

- *declared the Americas off limits to colonization by Europeans (James Monroe)*

4. What difficulties did newly independent Latin American countries face?

- *no experience with self-rule*

*- land determined wealth, so still a lot of poverty*

5. After independence, in what ways were Latin American countries still dependent on America and Europe?

- *Economically—exported resources/raw materials to U.S. and Europe / imported finished products*

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| **Place** | **Year(s)** | **Leader(s)** | **How independence was achieved** |
| Haiti | *1/1/1804* | *Toussaint-Louveture* | *Slave rebellion (100,000 slaves)* |
| Mexico | *9/16/1810 (Independence Day)*  *1821* | *Miguel Hidalgo*  *Augustin de Iturbide* | * *Led failed revolt 9/16/1810* * *declared independence from Spain in 1821 and named himself emperor—1823- he was deposed and Mexico became a republic* |
| Venezuela, New Granada (Colombia), Ecuador | *1810-1819* | *Simon Bolivar* | * *fighting Spanish / Portuguese forces* |
| Argentina, Chile | *1810-1817* | *Jose de San Martin* | * *fighting Spanish / Portuguese forces* |
| Peru | *1821-1824* | *San Martin*  *Bolivar* | * *combined forces defeated Spanish Army* |
| Brazil | *1822* | *San Martin, Bolivar* | * *prince regent for Brazil declared their independence from Portugal* |
| Central America | *1823* |  | * *Divided into 5 republics (Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Costa Rica, Nicaragua)* |